## Text and Graphic Features

## Blasting Off to Space Academy

Comprehension: Text and Graphic Features

## Read the selection below.

## Soccer Camp Rocks

Soccer camp gives kids a chance to sharpen their skills. At Soccer Camp Rocks, kids get a week of drills, conditioning, pep talks, and games. Many coaches insist that their players attend camp to get ready for the fall season.
"Soccer campers gave us the edge last season. We went all the way to the finals!" - Coach Adams, Parkdale Tigers

## Daily Schedule

8 A.m. - Check in and warm up
9 A.м. - Drill Mania!
10:15 A.m. - Strength and weight training
11:45 A.M. - Lunch
1 P.m. - Special teams and skill building
2 p.M. - Scrimmage

## Camp Coaches

Trained coaches lead soccer camp. Players strengthen weaknesses and learn basic strategies. Players of all skill levels benefit from the intense workouts.

## Team Building

While players cover the basics, they also learn about team building. Leadership, sportsmanship, and trust are important parts of a successful team. Teammates must be able to rely on each other, both on and off the field.
"The stronger the team, the stronger the season," said Hoot Banding, founder of Soccer Camp Rocks.

Use the T-Map to identify text features in the selection and how they are used.

| Text/Graphic Feature | Purpose |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | - |
| $\square$ | - |

$\qquad$

## Text and Graphic Features

Read the selection below.

Blasting Off to Space Academy
Comprehension: Text and Graphic Features

## Cooking for Kids

Kids can take cooking classes at the Tri-Cities Community Center. Classes include how to bake, make soup, and barbecue. Teachers from different countries teach classes about their favorite dishes.

## Basics for Beginners

The teachers know that kids might not be comfortable in the kitchen. Lee Collins, the director of the program, offers help. "Soup making is a good place to start," she says. "It's like taking a crash course. You need to mince, dice, and sauté. You need to get everything boiling. Then you need to simmer and add seasonings."

## Taste Tours

The kitchen classroom can open up new worlds. Kids can learn to make traditional meals from around the globe.
"In my Turkish cooking class, I found out about new tastes and traditions," said Ben, age 12.

All classes end with a feast.

## Cooking Terms

Boil-heat cooking liquid so that it bubbles rapidly
Dice - cut food into small pieces
Mince - cut food into fine pieces
Sauté - fry food quickly
Simmer-keep the cooking liquid just below the boiling point

Use a T-Map like the one shown to identify the text features and how they are used. Then answer the questions below.

1. Explain graphic features that could be used on another page
 about the cooking class. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. Explain text features that could be used on another page about the cooking class. $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Prefixes non-, un-, dis-, mis-

The words in the box begin with a prefix. Choose a word to fill in the blank and complete each sentence. Use context clues and the prefix meanings that are shown to help you.

|  | unfamiliar | uncertain | unlikely | nondairy | $\vdots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\vdots$ | nonproductive | disagree | discomfort | discontented | $\vdots$ |
| $\vdots$ | misconduct | misled | misplace | misunderstand | $\vdots$ |

## "not"

1. The new chef is $\qquad$ with that recipe. She has not seen it before.
2. Poorly fitting shoes will cause the feet $\qquad$ _.
3. With regular study habits, failing the science test is
4. Keep thinking about the good things in life to avoid being
$\qquad$ This will make you happy.
5. People who cannot drink milk use $\qquad$ products.
6. We are $\qquad$ what time the guest speaker will arrive.
7. In most cases, it is $\qquad$ to worry about the past.
8. The two groups $\qquad$ about the best way to solve the problem.

## "wrong"

9. An audience was $\qquad$ by the magician's illusion.

They got the wrong idea.
10. The students' $\qquad$ was punished with a scolding.
11. People often argue because they $\qquad$ each other.
12. If you $\qquad$ the key, you will not be able to get in the house.

## Long a and Long e

Basic Write the Basic Word that best fits each clue.

1. to swing back and forth $\qquad$
2. to welcome $\qquad$
3. the daughter of one's brother or sister
4. to wander away from a group
5. feeling shame or guilt $\qquad$
6. exhibit or put on view $\qquad$
7. to set free $\qquad$
8. to do again $\qquad$
9. wires and bands used for straightening teeth
10. approval or admiration

Challenge 11-14. Write some sentences that tell what a coach might say to a team during a game. Use four of the Challenge Words. Write on a separate sheet of paper.

Blasting Off to Space Academy
Spelling: Long a and Long $e$

## Spelling Words

1. awake
2. feast
3. stray
4. greet
5. praise
6. disease
7. repeat
8. display
9. braces
10. thief
11. ashamed
12. sleeve
13. waist
14. beneath
15. sheepish
16. release
17. remain
18. sway
19. training
20. niece

Challenge
terrain
succeed
betray
motivate
upheaval
$\qquad$

## Spelling Word Sort

Write each Basic Word beside the correct heading.

| /ā/ spelled <br> a-consonant-e | Basic Words: <br> Challenge Words: <br> Possible Selection Words: |
| :---: | :---: |
| /ā/ spelled ai | Basic Words: <br> Challenge Words: <br> Possible Selection Words: |
| /ā/ spelled ay | Basic Words: <br> Challenge Words: <br> Possible Selection Words: |
| /e/ spelled ea | Basic Words: <br> Challenge Words: <br> Possible Selection Words: |
| /ē/ spelled ee | Basic Words: <br> Challenge Words: <br> Possible Selection Words: |
| Other spellings for /ē/ | Basic Words: <br> Possible Selection Words: |

Challenge Add the Challenge Words to your Word Sort.

## Spelling Words

1. awake
2. feast
3. stray
4. greet
5. praise
6. disease
7. repeat
8. display
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10. thief
11. ashamed
12. sleeve
13. waist
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15. sheepish
16. release
17. remain
18. sway
19. training
20. niece

Challenge terrain
succeed
betray motivate upheaval

## Connect to Reading Look through Ultimate Field Trip 5: Blasting

 Off to Space Academy. Find words that have the /ā/ or //̄/ spelling patterns on this page. Add them to your Word Sort.
## Proofreading for Spelling

Find the misspelled words and circle them. Write them correctly on the lines below.

Cadets and Instructors: Beware! Yesterday a food theif was caught hiding beneith a table in the academy cafeteria. He appeared sheeepish, ashamd, and sad, as if he had a desease of the heart. Luckily, one of our kitchen staff was especially alert and awaike while making our usual lunch fiest. I praize Ms. Woo for her fine skill in using the belt from her wayst to catch the furry thief. Her reward from this office is a big red heart to wear on her slieve. To repete: please remane alert for any other streigh visitors, especially four-legged ones who need further trainning before they can eat in the cafeteria. Please relaese any such visitors out-of-doors without delay.
$\qquad$
1.
$\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$
5. $\qquad$
6. $\qquad$
7. $\qquad$
8. $\qquad$
9.
10.
11.
12. $\qquad$
13. $\qquad$
14.
15. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Declarative and Interrogative Sentences

A declarative sentence tells something. It ends with a period.

Astronauts weigh less on the moon than on Earth.
An interrogative sentence asks something. It ends with a question mark.

Why do astronauts weigh one-sixth their weight on Earth
 in space?

Activity Write the sentence using correct end punctuation and capitalization. Then label the sentence declarative or interrogative.

1. the Hubble telescope travels outside of Earth's atmosphere
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. have you seen any pictures of distant space objects taken by the telescope
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. why don't we just send astronauts into space to take pictures
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. astronauts did go up in the space shuttle to fix the Hubble telescope
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Imperative and Exclamatory Sentences

Blasting Off to Space Academy
Grammar: Kinds of Sentences

An imperative sentence gives an order. It ends with a period.

Give me the name of the first astronaut who walked on the moon.
An exclamatory sentence expresses strong feeling. It ends with an exclamation point.

Watching the moon landing on television was amazing!


Activity Write the sentence using correct end punctuation and capitalization.
Then label the sentence imperative or exclamatory.

1. wow, I can't believe Mars is that far away
$\qquad$
2. gather as much information as you can about Mars
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. don't leave the library until you find books on Mars
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. what a tremendous amount of data the Mars Lander collected
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
5. how far we've come in our understanding of space

## Kinds of Sentences

## Blasting Off to Space Academy

Grammar: Kinds of Sentences

A declarative sentence tells something. An imperative sentence gives an order. They both end with a period.

An interrogative sentence asks a question. It ends with a question mark. An exclamatory sentence expresses strong feeling. It ends with an exclamation point.

Who can be an astronaut?


Thinking Question
Does this sentence tell something, ask something, give an order, or express strong feeling?

Activity Write the sentence using correct end punctuation and capitalization. Then label the sentence declarative, imperative, interrogatory, or exclamatory.

1. tell me all you know about the first satellite in space
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. why didn't we send satellites into space before the 1950s
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. we'll tell you why there were no satellites in space before the 1950s
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. how exciting it must be to work in the space industry
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Irregular Verbs

| Present Tense | Past Tense |
| :--- | :--- |
| bring | brought |
| sing | sang |
| fly | flew |
| steal | stole |

## 1-4. Write the correct form of the verb in parentheses to complete the

 sentence.1. (say) Whoever $\qquad$ the moon is made of cheese was joking.
2. (tell) The space academy tour guide $\qquad$ us facts about the moon.
3. (know) Jessie $\qquad$ most of the answers because she
reads a lot of books about outer space.
4. (begin) The guide $\qquad$ his talk with a slideshow of
pictures of the moon.

## 5-8. Circle the four incorrect verbs in the paragraph. Then write the correct past-tense form of each verb on the lines below.

Every night, the sun lights up dark spots all over the moon. What are those dark spots? Ancient groups thinked they were seas. Now we know that those spots are pools of lava that frozed over time. No one ever swimmed in those pools! The moon is also covered with craters, holes, spots, and bumps that remind some people of cheese. The next time you look at the moon at night, see what you think it's maked of.
$\qquad$

## Sentence Fluency

| No Sentence Variety | Varied Sentence Types |
| :--- | :--- |
| I would like you to read this paragraph about | Read this paragraph about Mars. How |
| Mars. Mars used to be very different from |  |
| the way it is today. I wonder what you know |  |
| about Mars already. | is today! What do you know about Mars <br> already? Read on to find out more. |

## Activity Change each underlined declarative sentence to another kind of

 sentence. Write the new sentences on the lines below.Mars is the fourth planet from the sun. From Earth, the planet appears red. I wonder whether there was ever life on Mars. Finding solid proof that life existed on another planet would be exciting. There is evidence of water in the rich, red rocks that cover Mars' surface.

Some people think that humans might be able to live on Mars someday. I do not want you to think that moving to Mars would be easy. Mars has seasons, just like Earth, but the seasons are different. It is much colder on Mars. The Martian atmosphere is different from Earth's. It is safe to say that humans will have a lot more work to do before anyone sets up a home on Mars.

1. (interrogative) $\qquad$
2. (exclamatory) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. (imperative) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. (exclamatory) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Focus Trait: Voice Adding Sensory Details to Show Feeling

| Weak Voice | Strong Voice |
| :--- | :--- |
| The astronauts waited to blast <br> off. | With butterflies in their stomachs and arms tensed, the <br> astronauts waited to blast off. |

A. Read each weak sentence. Add sensory details and other vivid words to give the writing more feeling and make the voice interesting.

| Weak Voice | Strong Voice |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. The people stood behind the <br> fence watching. | The stood behind the fence |
| 2. With an hour still to go, it got <br> cloudy. | With still to go, |
| 3. Rain started to fall on the people. | Rain started to _ the |

B. Read each weak sentence. Then rewrite it to add sensory details and vivid words. Use words and details that show the speaker's thoughts and feelings.

Pair/Share Work with a partner to brainstorm words and details for your sentences.

| Weak Voice | Strong Voice |
| :--- | :--- |
| 4. People went back to their cars. |  |
| 5. They sat and waited for news of the <br> launch. |  |

