## Compare and Contrast

## Read the selection below.

## Camp Cedarwood

As Leslie lugged her sleeping bag and duffel up the steps of Cabin B, she felt miserable. Her new braces made her mouth hurt. Besides, she'd never been to sleep-away camp, and a month at Cedarwood stretched in front of her like an eternity. She dreaded every minute of it.

Leslie shuffled into the cabin and started to put her things away. A curlyhaired girl came up to her and grinned, flashing a mouthful of gleaming braces. "Isn't it fantastic to be here? I'm Alison from upstate."

Leslie smiled back with her own silvery smile and said, "I'm Leslie from downtown."
"I just love coming to camp every year, and I'm sure you'll like it, too." said Alison. "Don't worry, I'll show you around. Do you like kayaking?"
"I've never tried it," said Leslie.
"I'll teach you," said Alison. "You'll be paddling like a pro in no time."

Leslie was positive she was going to have a terrific time at Cedarwood.

Complete the Venn Diagram to show how Leslie and Alison are alike and different.

$\qquad$

## Compare and Contrast

## Read the selection below.

Off and Running Comprehension: Compare and Contrast

## Mandy and Her Sister

Mandy hates it when she is compared with her sister. Sure, they are the same height, but lots of people are tall. And of course, both of them have the same eye color, but blue eyes are not unusual. True, they both have black, curly hair. But Mandy has bangs and a long ponytail, and her sister wears her hair cut short. It is also true that they are both left-handed and have freckles and are allergic to bee stings, but the similarities end right there.

Mandy thinks of herself as an artist, not an athlete, and she would never play sports like her sister does. In fact, Mandy is always picked last for basketball. She was once smashed in the face by a bounce pass, and that was the end of her life as a team player. Mandy likes to draw and
paint and write poetry. She does not like to run and jump and splash around in the mud like some people.

Naturally both Mandy and her sister like to get together with friends, eat yummy food, share a good joke, and spend time with the family. But Mandy is quiet and refined compared with her noisy, active sister. If someone is into mischief, it isn't likely to be Mandy. However, it is a sure bet that her sister is someplace close by.

Mandy and her sister have different ideas about a lot of topics, but they do agree on one point. Just because they are identical twins doesn't mean they are alike. In fact, you wouldn't know it to look at them, but Mandy and Missy are as different as night and day.

Compare and contrast the characters. Fill in a Venn Diagram like the one shown here. Then answer the questions below.

1. Which character are you most like? Explain.

2. What would Mandy have to say about being an individual?

## Multiple-Meaning Words

Off and Running
Vocabulary Strategies: Multiple-Meaning Words

Each word in the box has multiple meanings. Read the sentences below and think about the situation, or context. Then choose a word from the box that makes the most sense.

| fair | close | address | contest | platform |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ticket | race | post | office | polls |

1. Running for president is a contest, or $\qquad$ to get the most votes.
2. An election $\qquad$ is a set of ideas or reasons to vote for someone.
3. A president and vice president run for $\qquad$ together as part of the same $\qquad$
4. Sometimes voters are asked to take part in opinion
$\qquad$ to help predict election results.
5. It is important that candidates' political ads be $\qquad$ and respectful.
6. Sometimes, if an election is very $\qquad$ a candidate may $\qquad$ the results and ask for a recount.
7. In a democracy, the people choose who fills the $\qquad$ of the presidency.
8. After a candidate wins, it is common for him or her to
$\qquad$ the people by giving a victory speech.

## Long i and Long o

Off and Running
Spelling: Long $i$ and Long $o$

Basic Write the Basic Words that best replace the underlined words in the sentences.

As my dad and I (1) walk around the Stars baseball stadium, I am amazed at the (2) tallness of the structure. While we (3) near the entrance, I smell the (4) aroma of sizzling hot dogs. The roaring crowd and huge park (5) thrill us. With the score tied in the ninth inning, one of the Stars players gets (6) tossed out at first base. The crowd and I (7) express disapproval at the umpire's call. But the Stars still have a (8) small chance to win when their (9) strong player, Joe Blast, comes up to bat. The crowd now turns (10) quiet. Then Joe smashes the ball for a home run and there is no way to (11) restrain the crowd. My dad asks me if I had fun and I (12) say, "It was the best day ever!"

1. $\qquad$ 7.
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$ 9. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$ 10.
5. $\qquad$
6. $\qquad$ 12. $\qquad$

Challenge 13-15. Your team is playing its biggest rival in a baseball game. Write about what happens in the game. Use three of the Challenge Words. Write on a separate sheet of paper.

## Spelling Words

1. sign
2. groan
3. reply
4. thrown
5. strike
6. mighty
7. stroll
8. compose
9. dough
10. height
11. excite
12. apply
13. slight
14. define
15. odor
16. spider
17. control
18. silent
19. brighten
20. approach

Challenge require reproach defy plight opponent

## Spelling Word Sort

Off and Running
Spelling: Long $i$ and Long $o$

Write each Basic Word beside the correct heading.

| /ī/ spelled $i$-consonant-e or i | Basic Words: <br> Challenge Words: <br> Possible Selection Words: |
| :---: | :---: |
| /ī/ spelled igh or $y$ | Basic Words: <br> Challenge Words: <br> Possible Selection Words: |
| / $\overline{0} /$ spelled o-consonant-e or 0 | Basic Words: <br> Challenge Words: <br> Possible Selection Words: |
| / $\overline{0} /$ spelled oa or ow | Basic Words: <br> Challenge Words: <br> Possible Selection Words: |
| Other spellings for / $\overline{\mathrm{i}} /$ and $/ \overline{\mathbf{0}} /$ | Basic Words: |

Challenge Add the Challenge Words to your Word Sort.
Connect to Reading Look through Off and Running.
Find words that have the $/ \overline{\bar{i}} /$ and $/ \overline{\mathbf{o}} /$ spelling patterns on this page. Add them to your Word Sort.

Spelling Words

1. sign
2. groan
3. reply
4. thrown
5. strike
6. mighty
7. stroll
8. compose
9. dough
10. height
11. excite
12. apply
13. slight
14. define
15. odor
16. spider
17. control
18. silent
19. brighten
20. approach

Challenge
require
reproach defy
plight opponent

## Proofreading for Spelling

Off and Running
Spelling: Long iand Long o

Find the misspelled words and circle them. Write them correctly on the lines below.

Maria and I decide to sell cookie dogh at the bake sale. We make a signe that reads "Last customer is a hairy spyder." Mom says to compoze another sign because this one may strick people as too negative. We both grone and say to defign negative. To replie, Mom rises up to her full 5-foot hieght and gives us her warning look. We aplly our thinking caps and aprroach it from a different direction. We come up with a message that will briten the day of all cookie lovers who read it: "All you can eat, \$3." Mom says, "That could be a mitey big problem." We controll ourselves and say nothing. We decide on this sign message: "Best offer takes all!" There is a slite risk that we won't sell anything, but all we need is one cookie lover who likes to smell cookies baking.

1. $\qquad$ 9. $\qquad$
2. $\qquad$
3. $\qquad$
4. $\qquad$
5. $\qquad$
6. $\qquad$
7. $\qquad$
8. $\qquad$
9. $\qquad$
10. $\qquad$
11. $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Complete Subjects and Predicates

Each sentence has a complete subject and a complete predicate.

A complete subject has all of the words that tell who or what the sentence is about. A complete predicate has all of the words that tell what the subject is or does.
complete complete
subject predicate
We all recounted the votes.

Thinking Questions
What are the words that tell whom or what the sentence is about? What are the words that tell what the subject is or

Activity Circle the complete subject and underline the complete predicate in each sentence.

1. The girl with the blue ribbon was running for class president.
2. The poster with the sparkles was Reina's.
3. Reina's parents and friends helped write her speech.
4. The past class presidents always worked to improve the school.
5. All of the students cast their votes.
6. Someone in the lobby yelled that the votes were in.

## Subject-Verb Agreement

The subject and verb of a sentence should agree. Singular subjects need singular verbs. Plural subjects need plural verbs.
plural subject and verb
singular subject and verb
We are recounting the votes, so everyone has to wait.


Activity Write the correct form of each verb.

1. Everyone (has, have) $\qquad$ already voted in the election.

The students (is, are) $\qquad$ excited to hear the results.
2. The principal (was, were) $\qquad$ going to recount the votes by herself. The teachers (has, have) $\qquad$ offered to help.
3. All of the students (thinks, think) $\qquad$ Reina won. She (is, are) $\qquad$ not as certain.
4. Mr. Rushing (tell, tells) $\qquad$ the rowdy students to be patient. They (begin, begins) $\qquad$ to quiet down.

## Commas in Compound Sentences

In a compound sentence, the shorter sentences are usually joined by a comma and the word and, but, so, or or. Reina planned to write her speech alone, but her friends offered to help.

Thinking Question
Which groups of words express a complete thought? What word joins the two complete
thoughts?

Activity Add the correct punctuation to make each item a compound sentence. Then write the word that is used to join the shorter sentences.

1. Blue and red confetti fell from the ceiling $\qquad$ it covered the winner.
2. Music played in the auditorium $\qquad$ we thought it was too loud.
3. The winner wanted to give a speech $\qquad$ a teacher turned down the music.
4. Reina thanked everyone for voting $\qquad$ she promised to work hard for the school.
5. She wanted to raise funds by selling class T-shirts $\qquad$ the class could wash cars.
$\qquad$

## Writing Titles

| Book | The Backroad Bridge |
| :--- | :--- |
| Poem | "Avalanches in April" |

## 1-6. Write the titles correctly.

1. the cougar times (school newspaper)
2. seaver to run for class president (article)
3. it's my life (book) $\qquad$
4. the election (movie) $\qquad$
5. battle hymn of the republic (song)
6. running for office (short story) $\qquad$
7-10. Correct the titles. Write the new sentence on the line.
7. My brother's favorite book is the redcoats and the revolution.
8. He finds the poem a nation's strength by Ralph Waldo Emerson inspiring.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
9. Jake has read every article about the presidential election in the current issue of news time.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
10. I told Jake he should read the article a president for today's world.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Sentence Fluency

```
and
but
or so
```

Activity Each item contains two separate sentences. Join them together to write a compound sentence on the line below. Use a word from the box to complete each sentence. Remember to check your punctuation.

1. The losing candidate was sorry to lose. He accepted his defeat.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
2. Everyone celebrated at Mia's house. They all cheered Reina.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
3. Reina was glad she won. She was sorry Roy had to lose.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
4. All of the students had school the next morning. They left early.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

# Focus Trait: Word Choice Writing Dialogue for Characters 

Off and Running
Writing: Write to Express

| Weak Dialogue | Strong Dialogue |
| :--- | :--- |
| "I enjoy eating chocolate ice cream. This <br> flavor is my favorite." | "I totally love chocolate ice cream. This flavor <br> is the best." |

Read each example of plain dialogue. Using the sentence frames, rewrite each one.

| Weak Dialogue | Strong Dialogue |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1. "I am running for class president. Please <br> vote for me." | " I'm running for class <br> president. ___ vote for me!" |
| 2. "Mother, I am angry that you grounded me <br> for not doing the dishes." | "Mom, _ I didn't do the dishes _ " <br> because I |

Read each example of plain dialogue. Rewrite each one to show the speaker's point of view.

Pair/Share With a partner, brainstorm language that sounds natural for the speaker. Sentence fragments can be used.

| Weak Dialogue | Strong Dialogue |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3. "Please be quiet, class. It is too loud." |  |
| 4. "I would be sad if it rained tomorrow <br> because I would not be able to visit <br> the zoo." |  |

